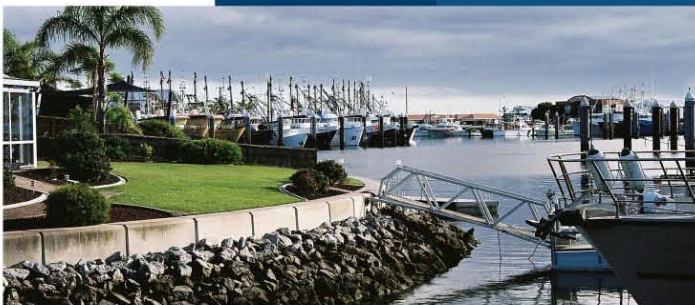


# City of Port Lincoln



## **ANIMAL MANAGEMENT PLAN**

**2011 – 2016**

**ADOPTED 4 JUNE 2012**

**Reference N20121484**

**1.64.1.1**

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>VISION STATEMENT.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>DEFINITIONS .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>AIMS AND OBJECTIVES .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>POLICY CONTEXT .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>RELEVANT LEGISLATION .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>OPEN SPACE STRATEGY .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>ANIMAL MANAGEMENT STRATEGY.....</b>	<b>11</b>
1. PET OWNERSHIP .....	11
2. DOGS IN PUBLIC PLACES .....	13
3. WANDERING DOGS.....	14
4. REGISTRATION AND IDENTIFICATION .....	15
5. BARKING .....	16
6. DOG ATTACKS .....	17
7. FAECES MANAGEMENT.....	18
8. DOMESTIC CAT MANAGEMENT .....	19
9. MANAGEMENT OF OTHER ANIMALS AND BIRDS .....	20
<b>TABLE 1 : DOG ON LEASH AREAS .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>TABLE 2 : DOG PROHIBITED AREAS .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>MAP 1 : DESIGNATED CBD AREA .....</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>MAP 2 : PORT LINCOLN FORESHORE AREA.....</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>MAP 3 : DESIGNATED DOG ON LEASH AREAS .....</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>MAP 4 : DESIGNATED DOGS PROHIBITED AREAS .....</b>	<b>25</b>

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Dog and Cat Management Act was enacted in 1995 and brought in a new legal framework to South Australia covering both dogs and cats. The objectives of the Act are to:

- Encourage responsible dog and cat ownership
- Reduce public and environmental nuisance caused by dogs and cats, and
- To promote the effective management of dogs and cats (including through the encouragement of de-sexing of dogs and cats)

Animal control has widened into a greater array of contexts following the introduction of the Act. Knowledge of both animal and human behaviours is now a requirement for those working in this field.

There is growing recognition that enforcement of laws will not, on its own, result in lasting, voluntary changes in behaviour. It needs to be supplemented by a range of non-regulatory approaches such as public education and improved signage.

This Animal Management Plan has been prepared by the City of Port Lincoln in partnership with the Dog and Cat Management Board, in response to the Council adopting a planned approach to undertake its responsibilities under the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995, this Plan will guide domestic animal management by the City of Port Lincoln over the next five years.

The Plan identifies strategies and actions to implement the vision, aims and objectives for domestic animal management, and as such the Community have been asked to comment on the draft prior to its adoption by the Council.

The Plan contains [Strategies](#) for a wide range of actions to be undertaken by the Council in a programmed approach. These [Strategies](#) will enable Council to maintain a balance between competing interests and to reposition domestic animals management to accommodate new requirements.

Council's Strategic Plan Review 2009 requires Council to provide services that maximise the social, economic, residential and environmental benefits to the people of the City of Port Lincoln.

There is now considerable evidence to support our understanding of the benefits of owning pets. This implies a potentially new role for Council in harnessing the benefits of pet ownership or at least maintaining the ability of the community to continue to own dogs and cats. In this new environment, it is essential that Council take a strategic approach to managing domestic pets in its community.

This strategy will provide Council with a sound basis and direction from which it can plan, co-ordinate and make future decisions to meet the needs of the community over the next five years.

## VISION STATEMENT

**To recognise that companion animals are part of the community, contributing to its quality of life, and to ensure that the needs of animals and their owners are accommodated while recognising the differing needs of non pet owners of the community.**

## DEFINITIONS

**Approved kennel establishment** means a building, structure or area approved by a relevant authority, pursuant to the Development Act 1993 for the keeping of dogs on a temporary or permanent basis.

**Cat** has the same meaning as in the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995;

**Children's playground** means an enclosed area in which there is equipment or other installed devices for the purpose of children's play (or within three metres of such devices if there is no enclosed area).

**Council** means City of Port Lincoln;

**Detached dwelling** row dwelling and semi-detached dwelling have the same meanings as in the Development Act 1993;

**Dog** has the same meaning as in the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995;

**Effective control** means a person exercising effective control of a dog either;

- By means of physical restraint; or
- By command, the dog being in close proximity to the person and the person being able to see the dog at all times;

**Foreshore** is defined as the low water mark to the street frontage;

**Keep** includes the provision of food or shelter;

**Performance Measures** are quantitative and qualitative statistical information used to assess how successfully objectives are being achieved;

**Lead** restraining device to keep control of a dog by means of a chain, cord or leash that does not exceed two (2) metres;

**On-leash** the dog is restrained by a responsible person on a suitable lead;

**Off-leash** the dog is unrestrained by a lead, but under **effective control** by command;

**Premises** includes land, whether used or occupied for domestic or non-domestic purposes, except an approved kennel establishment;

**Prohibited** means that a person must not allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an accredited guide dog, hearing dog or disability dog) to enter or remain;

**Small Dwelling** means a self-contained residence that is:

- a residential flat building;
- contained in a separate strata unit;
- on an allotment less than 400 to 600 square metres in area; or
- without a secure yard of at least 100 square metres in area.

## AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

<p><b>Promote and Encourage Responsible Dog and Cat Ownership for the welfare and safety of dogs and cats</b></p>	<p>Promote, identification and registration of dogs and the identification of cats to enable reunion of lost pets with their owners and control of un-owned animals.</p> <p>Promote de-sexing, microchipping and training of dogs through differential registration fees.</p> <p>Policing of provisions of Dog and Cat Management Act.</p> <p>Provide advice to assist people in dealing with unwanted pets.</p> <p>Promote obedience and socialization programs, puppy preschool.</p> <p>Promote events that encourage responsible dog and cat ownership on Council's website and notice boards.</p>
<p><b>Ensure public safety and enhance the amenity and environment</b></p>	<p>Provide easy access to public open space areas for regular utilisation by animal owners as exercise areas.</p> <p>Establish a community consultation process designed to identify the needs of constituents in relation to public open space.</p> <p>Provide access to specific dog friendly areas for owners and dogs eg agility areas, unmown areas.</p> <p>Provide access to specific off leash areas to meet the 'free running' needs of companion animals.</p> <p>Provide specific areas which are designated as prohibited zones for dogs.</p> <p>Ensure that all areas designated as off leash or prohibited are furnished with adequate signage.</p> <p>Maintain adequate local impoundment facilities for temporary protection of lost or un-owned animals.</p>

## Harness the benefits of dog and cat ownership

Inform the community of the social and economic benefits of pet ownership to the community.

Establishing links with and encourage the cooperation, expertise and support of key players within Port Lincoln.

Assist with training and education of children to be responsible pet owners.

Encourage the training and education of animals to facilitate their integration into the community.

Educate pet owners in responsible ownership.

### *Performance Measures*

- Increase in desexed, microchipped and registered dogs by 3%
- Reduction in un-registered dogs by 1%
- Increase in amount of dogs reunited with their owners when found wandering at large by 1%
- Decrease in the amount of dogs found wandering at large by 1%
- Reduction in harassment/nuisance/barking complaints by 1%
- Decrease in animal management faeces complaints by 1%
- Improvements identified and implemented



## POLICY CONTEXT

The City of Port Lincoln's STRATEGIC PLAN is Council's principal strategic planning document.

It sets the overall direction to be pursued by Council as well as more specific goals and key actions. It forms the backdrop for developing the vision, aims and objectives for domestic animal management, outlined in the previous section.

The development of this strategy is undertaken within the overall planning context having regard to the process for the development of strategies as indicated below.

The Strategic Plan Review 2009 includes the Council's Vision Statement which is:

***A progressive, vibrant and safe Regional City that is an attractive place in which to live and work***

Animal Management is mentioned specifically in the Strategic Plan Review 2009 :

**6.1 Infrastructure – Development of a new shelter and kennel facility (reference 1.85.1.1)**

The key actions for animal management are to:

- Complete and implement the Animal Management Plan
- Develop a strategy for the introduction of a microchip program for domestic animals in conjunction with local veterinarians to improve the identification of domestic animals and facilitate better use of available resources.
- The Council will encourage all dog and cat owners to undertake microchipping and will provide assistance where possible by way of reduced registration fees.

## RELEVANT LEGISLATION

The responsibilities for dog and cat management in South Australia are prescribed in the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995. Under the Act Councils are required to administer and enforce the provisions relating to dogs within its area. Prescribed responsibilities include the appointment of a Registrar, maintenance of a Dog Register, the appointment of two Officers responsible for animal management and to make arrangements for dogs seized, and its other obligations under the Act. Council also has By-Laws relating to the management of dogs within its area, (refer to Council's By-Law No. 5).

The Act also provides for the appointment of the Dog and Cat Management Board, which has responsibilities to:-

- Plan, promote, and advise on effective management of dogs and cats in the State, to monitor Councils management of their responsibilities, to issue Guidelines for Councils, to advise and assist Councils to undertake their responsibilities.
- The Board also has a role to provide advice to the Minister for Sustainability, Environment and Conservation to keep the Act under review, to undertake research into companion animal management and to provide education programs for Officers responsible for animal management and community awareness information.
- The Act also provides that a Council may appoint a cat management officer or officers for its area and can make By-Laws relating to cats within its area.

While these provisions provide the legal framework for the Councils responsibilities and the penalties that can be imposed on dog owners for non compliance, this Plan seeks to implement a balanced approach that caters to the communities needs that will not only benefit dogs, cats and their owners as a group with legitimate needs but also the wider community as well as those charged with the responsibility of animal management.

### 1. Enforcement

- The Dog and Cat Management Act requires the Council to enforce the provisions of the Act in the area of the Council. The approach of the Council in the first instance will be to encourage people to accept their responsibilities of pet ownership and comply with the provisions of the Act voluntarily.
- However the community has an expectation that public places are monitored to ensure that the provisions of the Act are complied with and that appropriately trained and authorised persons are available to respond to concerns of the community and serious breeches of the Act and Council By-Laws.
- Council will allocate appropriate resources to provide after hours services to meet the communities expectations.
- Council will enforce the provisions of the Dog and Cat Management Act and Council By-Laws in its Council area using the following as a guide:
- Council has a Registrar and two employees who are responsible for animal management and will ensure that appropriate training and equipment is provided to undertake their respective duties.
- Council will monitor all public places for compliance with the provisions of the Act and Council By-Laws.
- Council will respond to calls/complaints from members of the public regarding possible non-compliance with the provisions of the Act and Council By-Laws .



## 2. Resources

- Section 26(3) of the Dog & Cat Management Act requires that revenues raised from the provisions of the Act shall be applied to administration or enforcement relating to dogs.
- Revenue is derived from two principal sources -registrations and expiation fees/fines for breaches of the provisions of the Act. Dog registration fees and expiation fees/fines are set down in the Act. Council therefore has little scope to increase revenues from this source other than achieve a high level of dog registration and monitor the area for breaches of the Act.

## OPEN SPACE STRATEGY

The Open Space Strategy has been formulated by Council to assist in achieving the aims of this Plan. Animal management should be included in the future planning, development, management and maintenance of open spaces within the City. The Strategy takes into account a number of issues with respect to domestic animals, including:

- The effect of dogs and cats on native wildlife;
- Provision of facilities for dogs and dog walkers;
- Health, safety and aesthetic impact of animal faeces within open space;
- Dog controls within open space, (i.e. off-leash, on-leash, prohibited areas), including adequate off-leash areas for dog exercise.

The Strategy supports a range of dog controls across the City, which recognise the primary function of each reserve and the rights of other park users. The Strategy also supports the development of some specific dog exercise and training areas and facilities across the city, the number and location of which will depend on:

- The main function of a particular park and location of parks;
- Dog exercise requirements, ie suitable fencing, water, interesting activities/terrain for dogs, large enough area, etc and;
- Distribution of dog owners across the City, which may vary from time to time.

The Strategy makes the following specific recommendations about domestic animals:

- Support a range of dog controls across the City, which recognises the primary function of each reserve and the needs of other park users.
- Input of dog owners regarding the planning of open space development should be sought during the consultation with the general community as well as through umbrella groups.
- Support the need for initiatives regarding the management of dog faeces in public places.
- Support the results of investigations of the impact of cats on native wildlife and assess the need for cat curfews.
- Provide education for dog owners.

The policy context provides a clear agenda for attending to the effect of domestic pets in the environment, open space and public health areas, in line with local government's traditional focus in animal control. Adjustments need to be made to account for the benefits of pet ownership, as enunciated in the Animal Management Plan's vision, aims and objectives.

# ANIMAL MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

## 1. Pet Ownership

There are three factors that contribute to successful pet ownership. They are:

1. The **Owner**, who needs to be aware of the responsibilities of pet ownership, ensures that the pet is registered (identified in the case of cats), microchipped, de-sexed and immunised. The owner is also responsible to ensure that the pet is trained, and to be aware of the pets' behaviour at all times, including when the owner is away from the home. The owner is also responsible to ensure that the pet has adequate food, water and shelter and that the pet is regularly exercised and needs to be aware that these needs vary.
  2. The **Breed** determines the size, and the temperament of the dog/cat. When selecting a pet it is important to seek appropriate advice on the soundness of animals being considered and their suitability to the home/yard that the pet will be kept in and the family that the pet will be joining, particularly if small children are involved.
  3. The **Home Environment** in most cases includes an enclosed yard and possibly part of the dwelling that the pet has access to. Important factors are adequacy of the fencing, whether the pet can see out of the yard through a gate, adequacy of shelter, food/water and whether there are children, closeness of neighbours their pets and access to exercise areas are important factors.
- Successful pet ownership has both financial and time commitments and it is therefore important that people contemplating pet ownership endeavour to match their choice of pet for their particular home and family circumstances.
  - The number of dogs in private premises is prescribed in Clause 7 City of Port Lincoln Dogs By-Law No. 5 2011. The City of Port Lincoln requires owners to seek permission to keep more than two(2) dogs.
  - Council may give permission for more than the prescribed number via application. Council inspects premises to ensure adequate measures have been taken to reduce any impact on neighbours.
  - This does not apply to approved kennel establishments operating in accordance with all required approvals and consents or any business involving dogs provided that the business is registered in accordance with the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995.
  - The approval can be revoked if an expiation is given or well founded complaints are received.

### Strategies

- That people contemplating obtaining a dog or cat be encouraged to consider the factors affecting the suitability of successful pet ownership in their particular circumstances.
- Advice that Online information regarding breeds and assistance in pet selection is available on:
  - Pet care Information and Advisory Service      [www.petnet.com.au](http://www.petnet.com.au)
  - The Dog and Cat Management Board of SA      [www.dogsncats.asn.au](http://www.dogsncats.asn.au)
  - RSPCA South Australia      [www.rspcasa.asn.au](http://www.rspcasa.asn.au)
- July each year conducting a survey in conjunction with dog registration renewals.
- Advice being available from the Council Compliance Officers.

- That people contemplating obtaining a pet be encouraged to become familiar with the responsibilities of pet ownership prior to obtaining a pet and be aware of the time that may need to spend with their pet and that people who obtain a new pet ensure that it is trained.
- Random inspections.
- Review of applications for more than 3 dogs at registration renewal time, contacting applicants to verify if the permit details are still correct.

#### *Performance Measures*

- Decrease in the number of nuisance complaints by 1%
- Decrease in the number of dogs unclaimed after being found wandering at large by 1%

## 2. Dogs in Public Places

### ***Dog Exercise Areas (Off Leash)***

- A person may enter a public place or part of Local Government land to which the council has determined this clause applies under By-law No. 5 Dogs, for the purpose of exercising a dog under his or her effective control.
- A person entering a dog off lead area designated by the council must ensure that any dog under that person's control, charge or authority is under effective control at all times.

### ***Dog on Leash Areas***

- A person must not, without the Council's permission, allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an accredited guide dog, hearing dog or disability dog that is required to remain off-lead in order to fulfil its functions) to be or remain:
  - on Local Government land or public place to which the Council has resolved that this subclause applies; and
  - on any park or reserve during times when organised sport is being played;
- unless the dog is secured by a strong leash not exceeding 2 metres in length which is either tethered securely to a fixed object capable of securing the dog or held by a person capable of controlling the dog and preventing it from being a nuisance or a danger to other persons.

**See Table 1 Dog On Leash Areas**

### ***Dog Prohibited Areas***

- A person must not allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an accredited guide dog, hearing dog or disability dog) to enter or remain:
  - on any children's playground on Local Government land;
  - on any other Local Government land or public place to which the Council has determined that this subclause applies.

**See Table 2 Dog Prohibited Areas**

### ***Dog Parks***

A long term Strategy for Council is the establishment of one or more dog parks that cater to owners who wish to exercise their dog/s off lead. Locations to be considered are Puckridge Park, Pioneer Park and Coronation Place.

### ***Parnkalla Trail***

The Parnkalla Trail has been identified as an issue of concern during the consultation process of this Plan. Users of this trail are concerned at the amount of dogs that are off lead and the faeces which is being left behind by these owners. The trail is a dedicated 'On Leash' area and this will be monitored by Council Officers by regular patrolling. More signage is also required which advises walkers and dog owners of the regulations and penalties involved.

### ***Strategies***

- Designated Off Leash areas to be identified through signage.
- Raise awareness of dog owner responsibilities through Media and council resources ie website, bulletin board.
- Regular patrols to ensure compliance.

### ***Performance Measures***

- Decrease public complaints regarding incidents of dogs wandering at large by 3%
- Decrease the amount of complaints regarding dog attacks in designated on leash areas by 5%

### 3. Wandering Dogs

- A dog is deemed to be 'wandering at large' when it is in a public and private place and not under effective control of a person. The owner, or person who is responsible for the dog wandering at large, has committed an offence and is responsible for the prescribed penalties under the Act.
- A dog wandering at large can be a threat to members of the public, particularly children and older people and Council is aware that serious attacks can arise in these circumstances. Council will therefore implement strategies to minimise its occurrence in the community.

#### *Strategies*

- That owners be made aware of their responsibilities to adequately fence their property to control their dog or provide an enclosure within property boundaries.
- That owners be made aware of their responsibilities to keep their dog under effective control when in a public place.
- Council Compliance Officers to conduct random patrols of all public areas and detain dogs wandering at large.
- That Council respond to calls from the general public of a dog wandering at large including normal working hours and after hours.
- The priority of the Council will be to return the dog to the owner.
- Un-identified dogs will be impounded in accordance with the Act.
- All unclaimed dogs that are suitable as pets will be eligible for distribution to persons seeking a pet through the RSPCA

#### *Performance Measures*

- Decrease public complaints regarding incidents of dogs wandering at large by 3%
- Decrease the amount of complaints regarding dog attacks in designated on leash areas by 5%



## 4. Registration and Identification

- The cornerstone of a successful domestic animal management is identification which includes registration. The benefits of this include:
  - To allow lost pets to be reunited with their owners;
  - Encourage owners to microchip their animals by providing financial discounts for registration;
  - To provide proof of ownership;
  - To assist with funding Council's animal management facilities.
- Council Compliance Officers, in the course of their duties, will take notes of animals on properties to check the validity of registrations of the dogs at those addresses.
- Complying with legislative requirements under the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995

### *Strategies*

- Enforcing Dog & Cat Management Act requirements such as identification and registration.
- Providing an amnesty period for registration of dogs.
- Educating animal owners about community issues such as roaming, nuisance, noise, faeces disposal and environmental damage caused by dogs and cats.
- Promoting and facilitating socialisation and training of dogs, especially puppies.
- Promoting desexing & microchipping, by increasing community awareness and reducing registration fees.
- Researching the feasibility of a microchipping subsidy program in conjunction with other interested parties i.e. local vets, RSPCA.

### *Performance Measures*

- Improve voluntary compliance in dog registrations by 5%
- Increase the number of discounted registrations through animal desexing and microchipping by 5%
- Decrease the number of outstanding registrations at time of renewal by 3%

## 5. Barking

- Nuisance dog barking can be a great source of irritation to some people and can be the source of many complaints. We all want to live in a community that is peaceful and one where dog owners take responsibility for their dog's behaviour.
- Everyone has different levels of tolerance and sensitivity to dog barking. When Council is investigating a complaint, firstly the presence of a 'nuisance' is established, especially as dogs naturally bark. If possible, evidence is gathered from multiple sources.
- Council works with complainants and pet owners to investigate, substantiate and to find a resolution that works for everyone.
- Residents are encouraged to fill in a 'barking dog diary' to record the frequency of excessive barking.

### *Strategies*

- Council staff continue to review procedures for dealing with barking dogs.
- Council staff continue to work with residents to resolve barking dog complaints.
- Information packs to be created to help dog owners with providing environmental enrichment for their dogs to help reduce barking.

### *Performance Measures*

- Decrease in the amount of complaints received regarding barking dogs by 1%

## 6. Dog Attacks

- Council takes reports of attacks very seriously and investigates all reported attacks where sufficient information has been provided. If a dog attack is proved, the Animal Management Officers have a variety of enforcement options including warnings, expiations, control and destruction orders and prosecution.
- The prevention of dog attacks is a primary aim of the City of Port Lincoln. Distribution of educational material and education at a primary school level is the principle method of educating the community.
- Any person who alleges a dog attack whether on a person, animal or bird owned by or in the charge of some other person (whether or not actual injury is caused) is encouraged to report the incident as soon as possible.
- Should the public be involved in an alleged attack / harassment they are to contact Council's Animal Management Officers whereby an investigation will be carried out. They will be required to make a written statement along with any medical or veterinary evidence to assist in the investigation process.
- Should sufficient evidence be obtained, Council may take action against the dog owner or person responsible for the dog, this may be in the form of expiations, the issue of Orders or prosecution.

### *Strategies*

- Council develop an education program to complement initiatives by the Dog & Cat Management Board with a view to reducing dog attacks within the City of Port Lincoln.
- Information packs handed out at the time of registration
- Raising awareness of penalties for dog attacks through the use of media such as local newspaper and television

### *Performance Measures*

- Reduce the number of dog attacks by 5%

## 7. Faeces Management

- Dog owners under Clause 11 of City of Port Lincoln Dogs By-Law No. 5 2011 are legally required to retrieve and dispose of their dog's faeces for health, environmental and amenity reasons. As such, no person is to allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority to be in a public place or on Local Government land unless that person has in their possession a bag or other suitable container for the collection and lawful disposal of any faeces that the dog may deposit (for the purpose of complying with their obligation under section 45A(6) of the Dog and Cat Management Act 1995).
- In addition to education, dog owners need facilities to encourage them to retrieve their dogs' faeces. A range of options exist encompassing both Council provided and individual provided mechanisms (eg pooper scoopers, pooch pouch, bag dispenser stations etc).
- Council currently supplies four dog bag dispensers in the following high traffic and strategic locations:
  - RSL Cemetery
  - Mundys Mooring Reserve
  - Eyre Park
  - Foreshore adjacent Yacht Club
- Although Council will continue to provide dog litter bags in designated and strategic high use areas, dog owners will be strongly encouraged to provide their own bags and informed that the Council facilities are provided for the community as a back up.

### *Strategies*

- Council prepare an information brochure which encourages dog owners to remove their dog's faeces from public places. This brochure should include a map of the City of Port Lincoln dog litter bag dispensers.
- Signage to be increased on Parnkalla Trail, Parks, Playgrounds, Oval, Foreshores, Boat ramps, etc which advising of penalties for not picking up faeces.
- Annually Council will review current locations of dispensers and provide at least three additional bag dispensers at new strategic locations.

### *Performance Measures*

- Reduce the number of animal faeces complaints by 3%

## 8. Domestic Cat Management

- Cat management is still in its infancy with South Australian Councils, however Council will review its position during the life of the Plan with the focus being to support controls ensuring fauna and biodiversity protection within its area.
- Council will continue to provide, together with Dog and Cat Management Board, a strong education focus to encourage people to desex, microchip, identify and confine their cats. While education is integral to successful cat management, the programs need to be carefully designed and targeted.
- Council's cat management strategies therefore principally relate to trapping and disposal of unidentified cats and assisting residents with nuisance cats.
- The majority of complaints received by Council regarding cats are about cats wandering onto property. To assist residents resolve these issues, Council hire out cat traps at a nominal fee.

### *Strategies*

- Promote responsible cat ownership in the community, with desexing and microchip identification being strongly encouraged.
- Owners to ensure that cats carry an identification collar and micro-chip.
- Encourage owners to be responsible for their cats' behaviour and take positive timely action to avoid nuisance to neighbours and damage to property such as providing exercise runs..
- Make traps available to the community to trap cats that are causing a nuisance.
- Un-owned or unwanted cats are taken to the Port Lincoln RSPCA or Veterinary Centre.

### *Performance Measures*

- Decrease the feral cat population by 1%
- Decrease the amount of complaints regarding stray cats by 1%
- Increase the amount of identifiable cats by 1%

## 9. Management of Other Animals and Birds

- The City of Port Lincoln consists of urban living and semi-rural properties, where council deems a property to be semi-rural, Horses, sheep and other livestock may be kept. Residentially zoned properties are restricted to keep domestic animals only i.e. Birds, Poultry, Rabbits & Guinea Pigs
- All animal owners are required to keep animals in such a way as not to cause a nuisance or a hazard to other residents and road users.
- Currently all complaints involving other animals and birds are dealt with by staff in accordance with the relevant legislation.



**TABLE 1 DOG ON LEASH AREAS**

<b>DOG ON LEASH AREAS</b>		
<b>Map Ref</b>	<b>CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT</b>	
<b>Map 1</b>	CBD Area Roads and Footpaths (same area as designated "Dry Area")	On Leash between Bishop and Eyre Streets and Tasman Terrace and Liverpool Street / Hallett Place at all times
<b>Map 2</b>	Port Lincoln Foreshore between mean low water mark and Tasman Terrace (beach and lawns)	From the carpark adjacent to the beach (aligned with the bend in Bishop Street) to the Silos between 8.30am and sunset
	<b>AREAS SURROUNDING PLAYGROUNDS</b> (By-Law 5 - No dogs in enclosed area or within 3 metres of ANY playground equipment if not enclosed)	
<b>Map 3b</b>	Altair Cres Playground Reserve	at all times
<b>Map 3c</b>	Train Playground – New West Road	
<b>Map 3d</b>	Rustlers Gully Reserve	
<b>Map 3e</b>	Wellington Square Reserve	
<b>Map 3f</b>	Flinders Park (all of park)	
<b>Map 3g</b>	Puckridge Park (areas around BBQ's and Rotundas)	
<b>Map 3a</b>	Formed Walking Trails (including total length of Parnkalla Trail)	

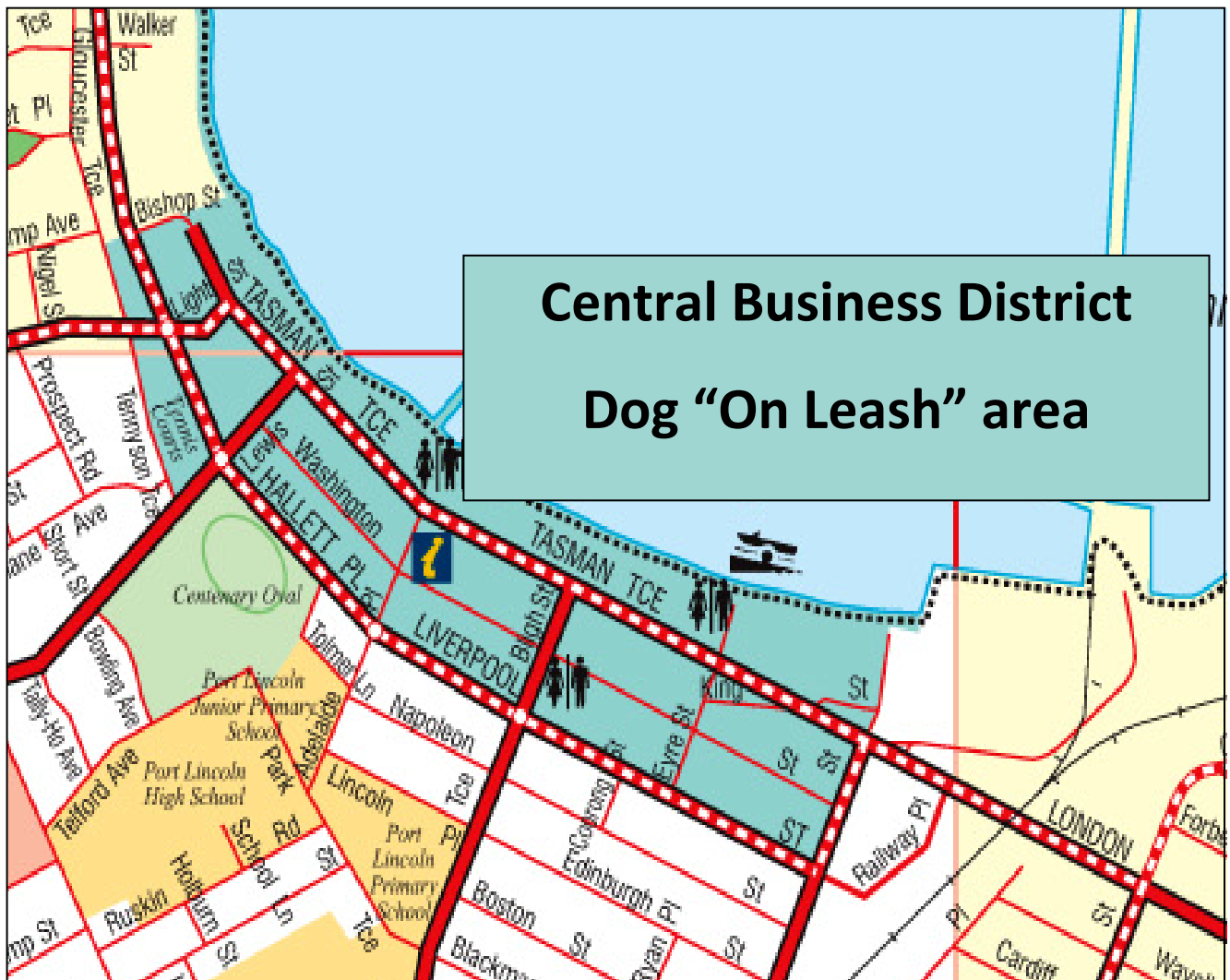
**TABLE 2 DOG PROHIBITED AREAS**

<b>DOG PROHIBITED AREAS</b>		
<b>Map Ref</b>	<b>SPORTING GROUNDS</b>	
<b>Map 4 h</b>	Centenary Oval	Prohibited between 8.30am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday <u>AND</u> when there is organised sport or training or other community event
<b>Map 4 i</b>	Ravendale Sports Complex (all areas within complex boundaries - Netball, Hockey, Ovals, Baseball etc)	when there is organised sport or training or other community event
<b>Map 4 j</b>	Poole Oval	
<b>Map 4 k</b>	Kirton Oval Soccer Grounds	

## MAP 1 : DESIGNATED CBD AREA

Central Business District Area Roads and Footpaths (same area as designated "Dry Area")

Dogs on leash at all times between Bishop and Eyre Streets and Tasman Tce and Liverpool Street  
/ Hallett Place



## MAP 2 : PORT LINCOLN FORESHORE AREA

Port Lincoln Foreshore between mean low water mark and Tasman Tce (beach and lawns)

From **"A"** the carpark adjacent to the beach (aligned with the bend in Bishop Street)

To **"B"** Silos

between 8.30am and sunset (line is indication only)





# MAP 3 : DESIGNATED DOG ON LEASH AREAS

## DESIGNATED AREAS WHERE DOGS MUST BE ON LEASH AT ALL TIMES

- A** Formed Walking Trails (including total length of Parnkalla Trail)   **B** Altair Cres Playground Area Reserve  
**C** Train Playground   **D** Rustlers Gully Reserve   **E** Wellington Square Reserve  
**F** Flinders Park (all of park)   **G** Puckridge Park (areas around BBQ's and Rotundas)



# MAP 4 : DESIGNATED DOGS PROHIBITED AREAS

## DESIGNATED AREAS WHERE DOGS ARE PROHIBITED

when there is organised sport or training or other community event

i **Ravendale Sports Complex** (All areas within complex boundaries - Netball, Hockey, Ovals, etc)

j **Poole Oval**

k **Kirton Oval Soccer Grounds**

h **Centenary Oval and between 8.30am and 5.00pm Monday to Friday**







**City of Port Lincoln**

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